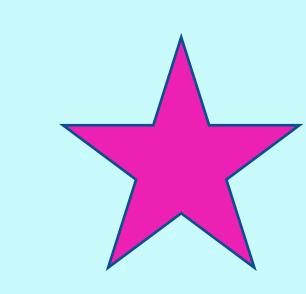


Identifying, Communicating, and Documenting DNR/MOLST Status in the Endoscopy Unit



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Introduction/Problem

- > The Gastroenterology Unit performs 25,000 endoscopic procedures per year on patients with varied comorbidities.
- > Do Not Resuscitate (DNR) or Medical Orders for Life Sustaining Treatments (MOLST) are not routinely addressed during the pre-procedure assessment.

Knowledge of a patient's DNR/MOLST ensures that the endoscopy team (physicians, anesthesia and nursing) meet patient's needs and expectations

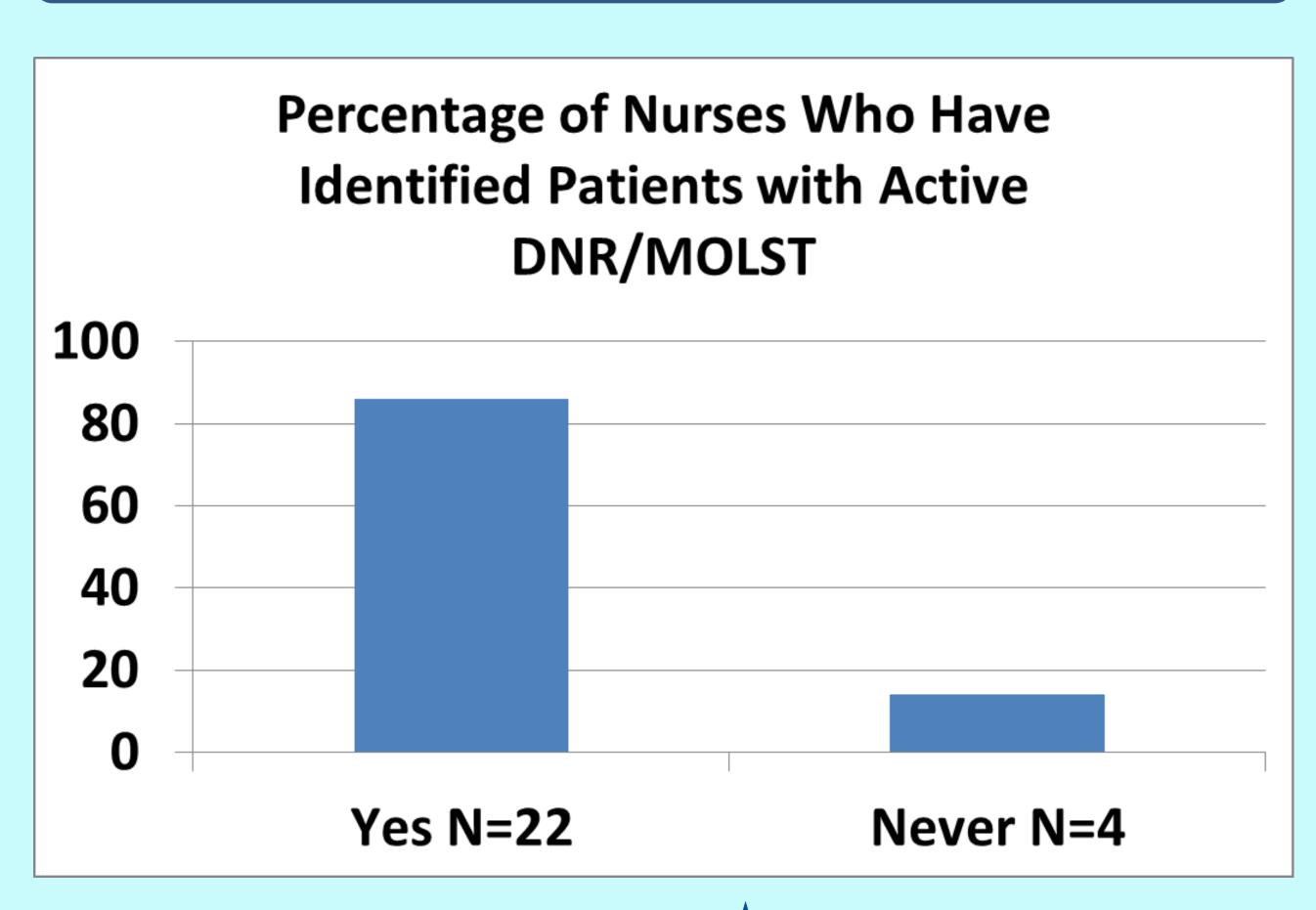
The Interventions

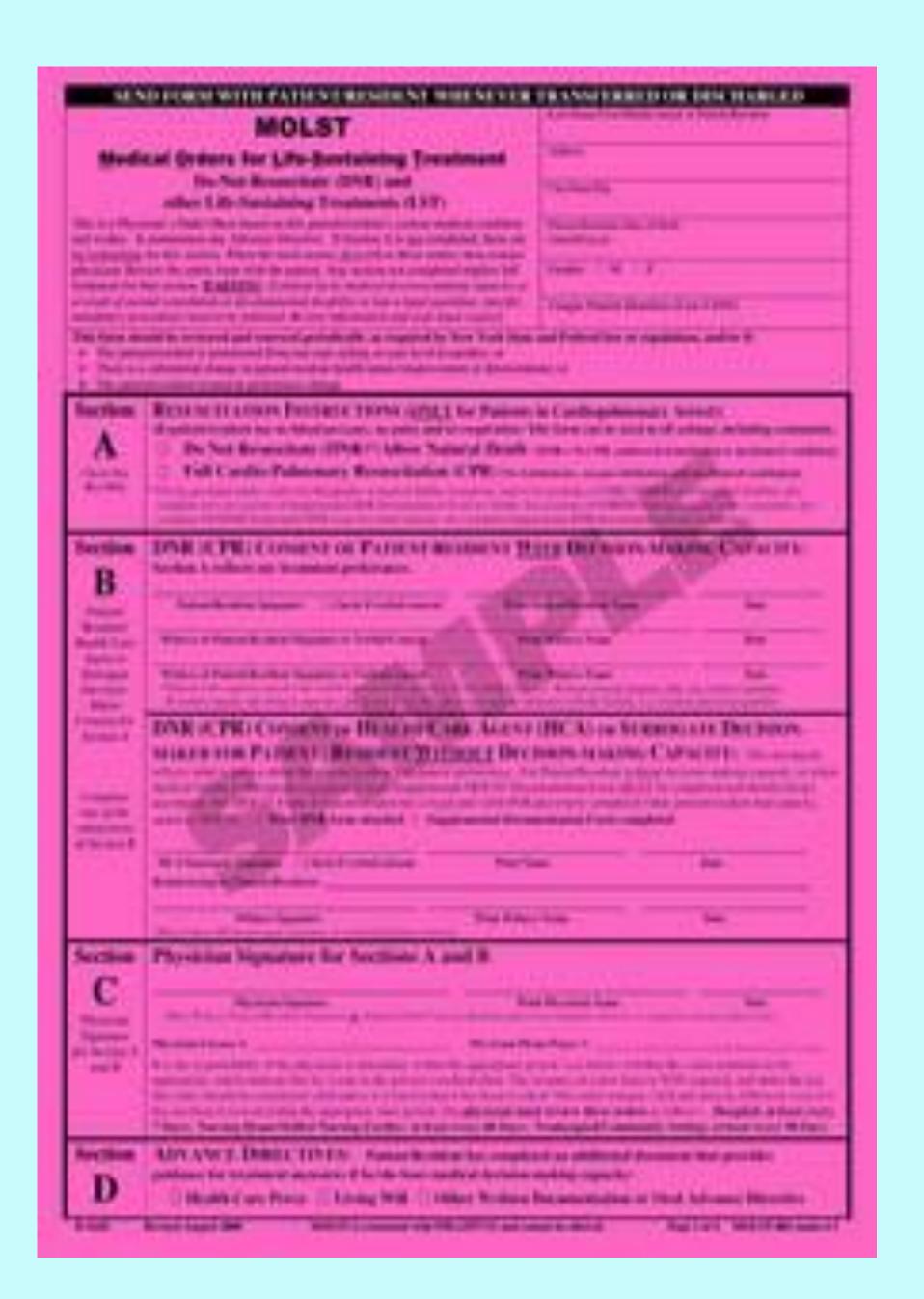
- Pre-procedure endoscopy assessment sheets were revised to include the documentation of an existing DNR/MOLST status.
- Nurses were prompted to communicate a patient's active DNR/MOLST status to attending physicians.
- Physicians would then have a conversation with the patient regarding their DNR/MOLST and whether or not to suspend the order during the peri procedure period.
- > A template was created in the online medical record to document the conversation.
- > A star sticker is then placed on patient's wrist ID band to further identify an active DNR/MOLST.
- The code status of all patients is included in "Time Out" to ensure communication among all team members.

Results/Progress to Date

- Patients code status and wishes are consistently addressed.
- Nurses and physicians are educated on the differences between healthcare proxy and legal advance directives versus DNR/MOLST addressed with a physician.
- Anesthesia Nurse Practitioners are now involved in the identification process.

Figures





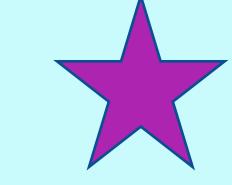


Lessons Learned

- Staff needed additional and ongoing education regarding the difference between healthcare proxy and legal advance directives versus DNR/MOLST addressed with a physician.
- Education and support was necessary to improve the staff's comfort level when assessing patient's DNR/MOLST status.
- Staff were taught not to assume that all patients would want life sustaining treatments if required during the peri-procedure period.

Next Steps

- Continue surveys to identify improvement opportunities.
- Potential for anesthesia and cardiology departments to implement DNR/MOLST status in operating and procedure rooms.



- Potential hospital wide use of this quality improvement.
- Spread to other endoscopy units around the country at this year's SGNA national conference.

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